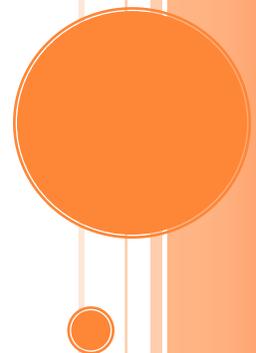


BPMN TRAINING COURSE:

INSTRUCTIONAL DESIGN DOCUMENT

Julie Kenney



BPMN Training Course:

NEEDS ASSESSMENT:

The following is the needs assessment for the BPMN training course:

Training Goal: The SAP Business Analysts will be able to create and maintain standardized business process flowcharts using the Business Process Modeling Notation (BPMN).

Training Justification: This course is being prepared for a large life sciences organization that has grown by acquisition and mergers and has ended up with not one, but many ERP programs. They have decided at a corporate level to convert all ERP systems into one SAP implementation. While they are standardizing on the SAP platform, they must standardize and consolidate their business processes in order to configure SAP correctly. With the SAP business analysts geographically dispersed and at different levels of business analysis expertise, the way the business processes are documented can be haphazard or nonexistent. Consequently, the Corporate office has decided that a standard business process modeling technique be used across the board. The Business Process Modeling Notation (BPMN) was chosen for this purpose, but most of the SAP Business Analysts have never used it before. BPMN is a flow-chart based notation for depicting the steps in the end to end flow of a Business Process.

BPMN is an internationally accepted standard that has been published for free use and adoption by OMG who owns the standard.

Since BPMN is a modeling notation with many different components and techniques, the company has further defined what the standard BPMN uses and templates are within the company for the SAP business analysts.

BPMN has been chosen to be the standard for describing and communication SAP-related business processes.

This course is meant to educate the SAP Business Analysts on what BPMN is, how to use it and what specific corporate BPMN modeling guidelines should be used.

Instructional Analysis

The steps in this process fall into two of Gagné's (1985) domains of learning:

- **Verbal.** The SAP Business Analysts must recall the characteristics of the BPMN standard, to include the following characteristics:
 - Flow Objects
 - Connectors
 - Artifacts
 - Swimlanes
- **Intellectual.** The learners must use the verbal information and apply rules to make decisions in order to properly construct a BPMN diagram.

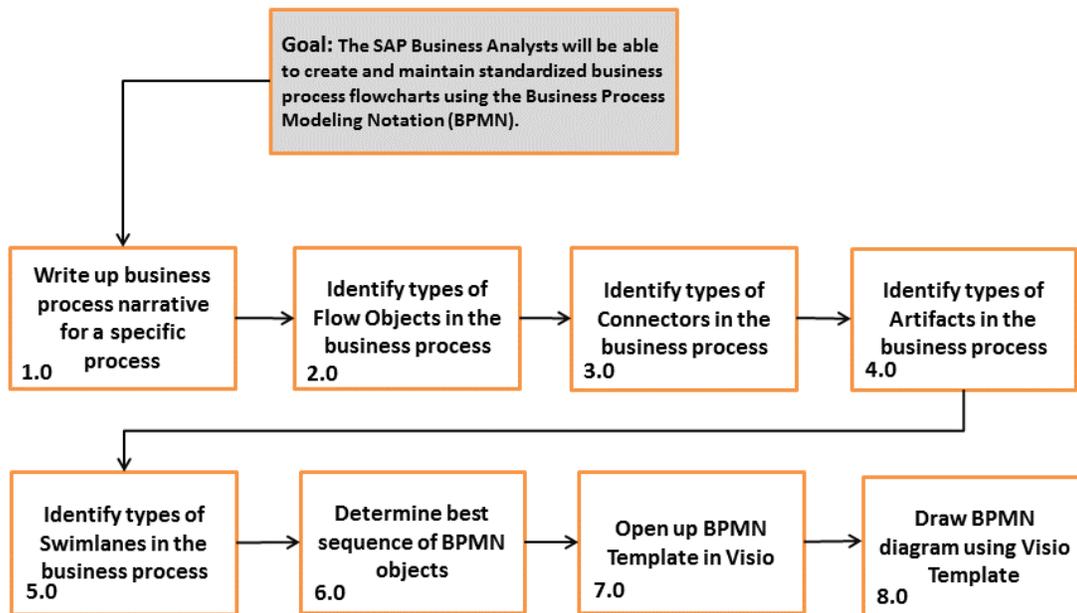


Figure 1 – Goal Analysis of BPMN Diagram Creation

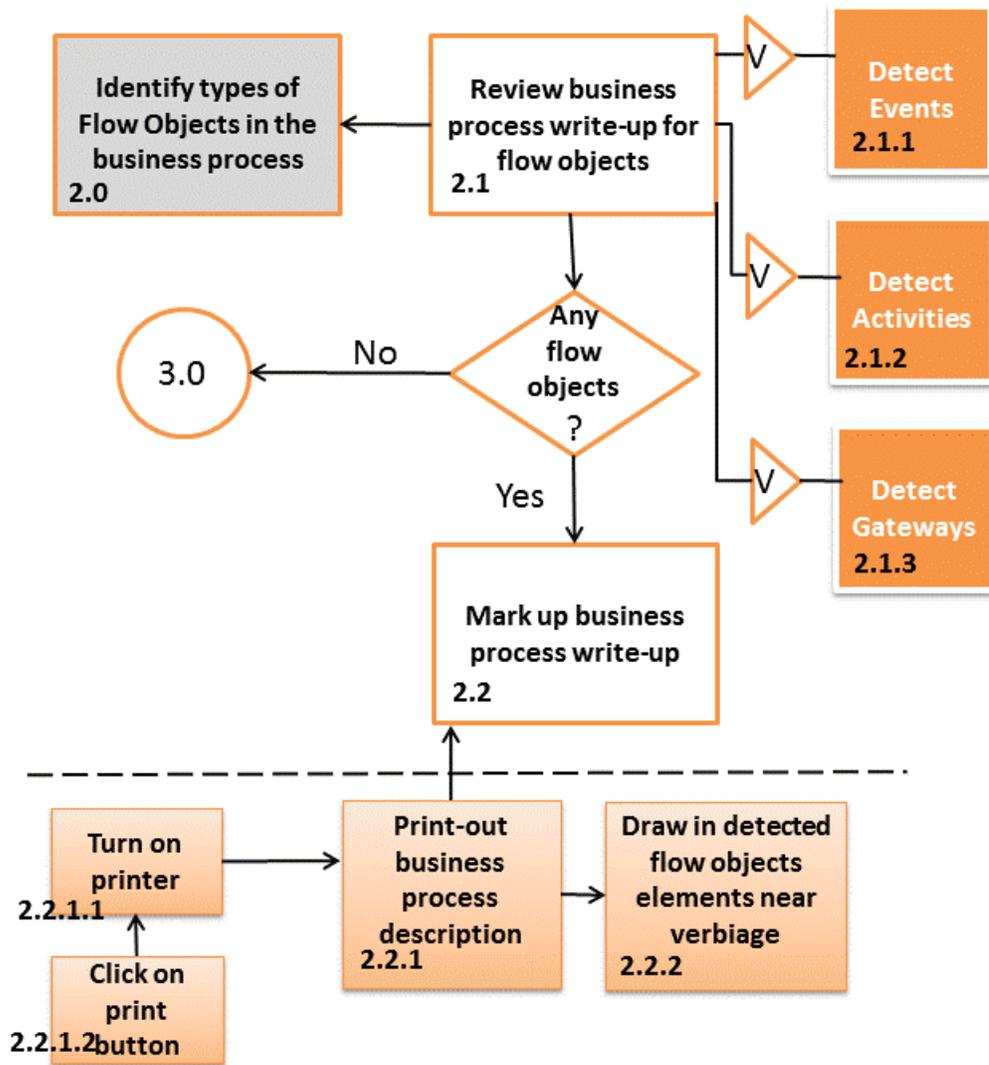


Figure 3 - Subskill Analysis of Identification of Flow Objects

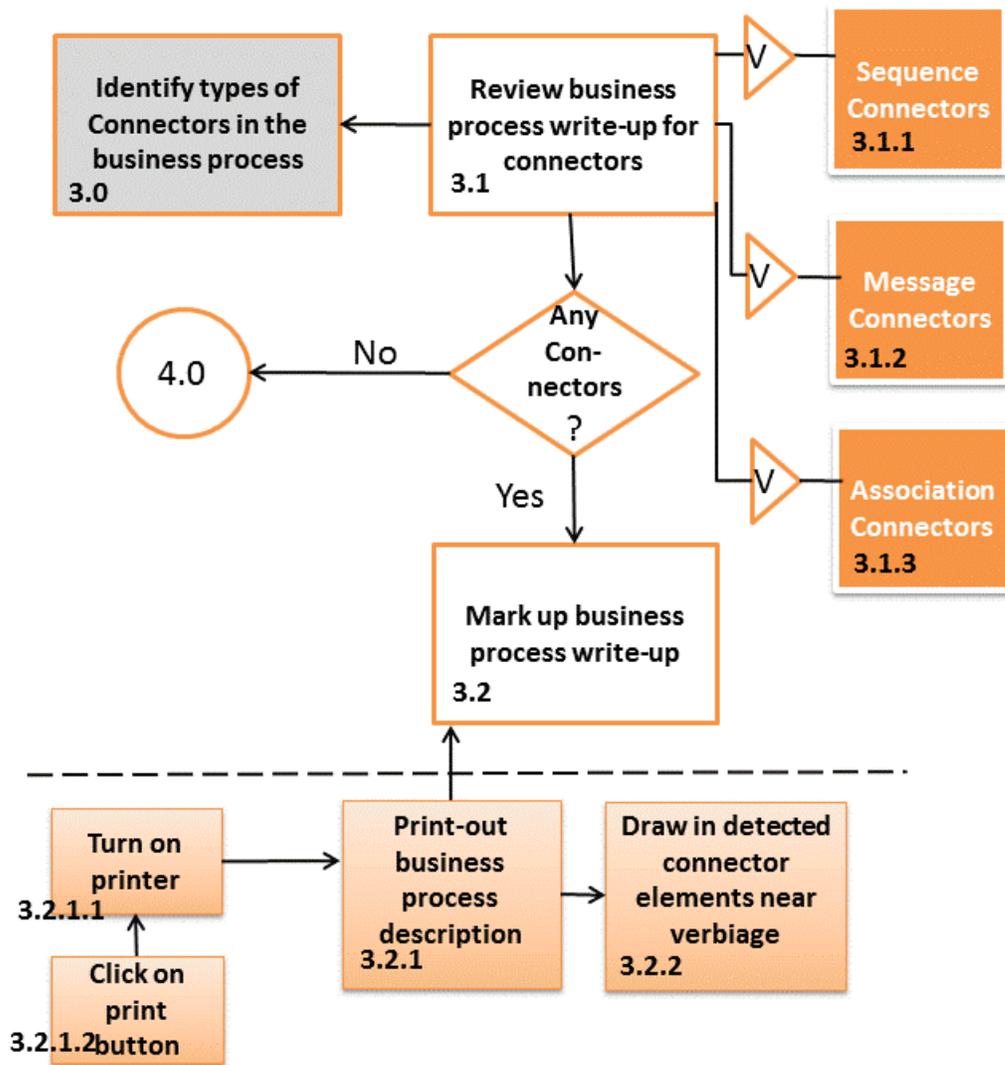


Figure 4 - Subskill Analysis of Identification of Connectors

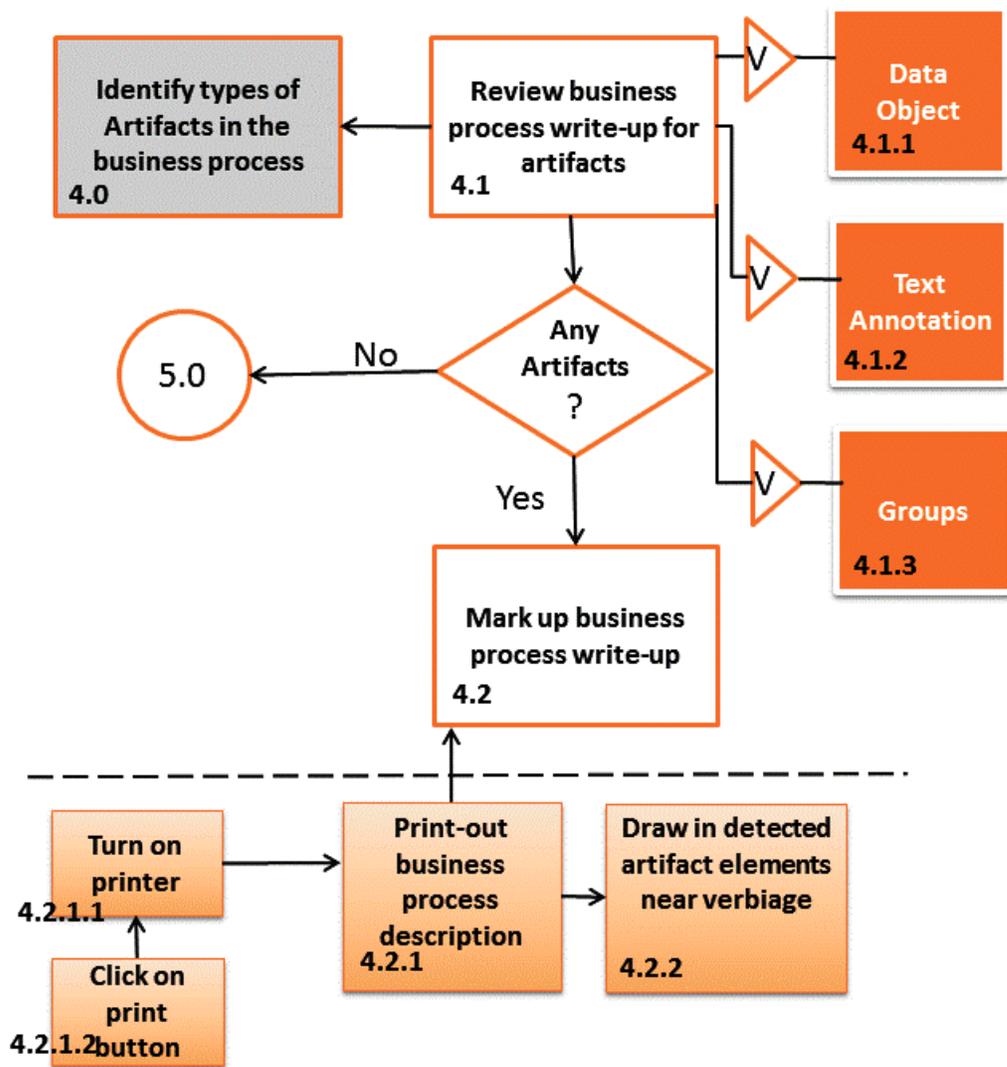


Figure 5 - Subskill Analysis of Identification of Artifacts

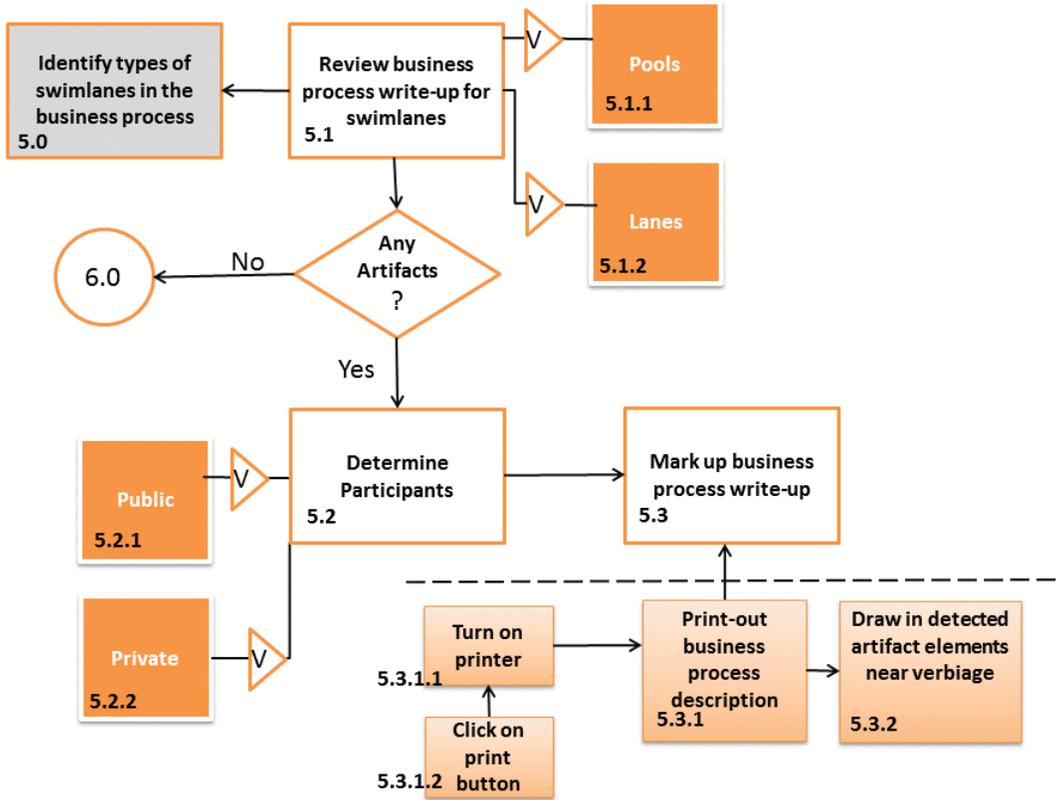


Figure 6 - Subskill Analysis of Identification of Swimlanes

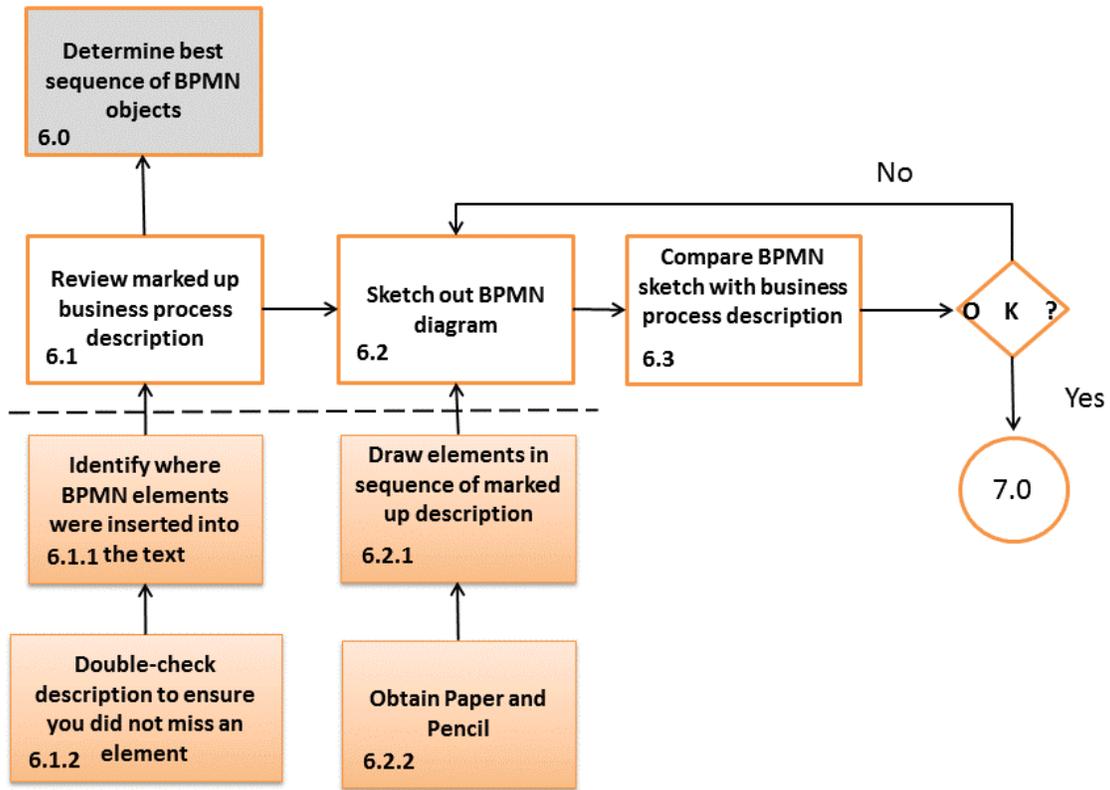


Figure 7 - Subskill Analysis of determining sequence of BPMN diagram

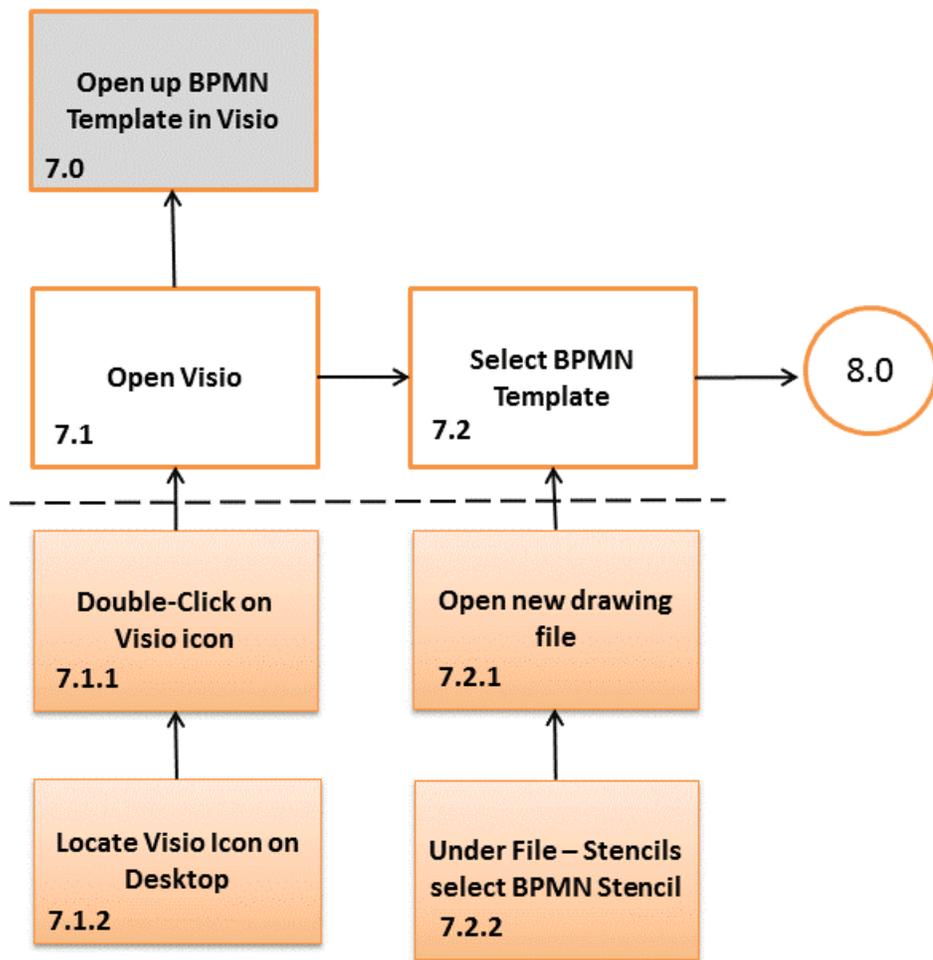


Figure 8 - Subskill Analysis of opening BPMN Template

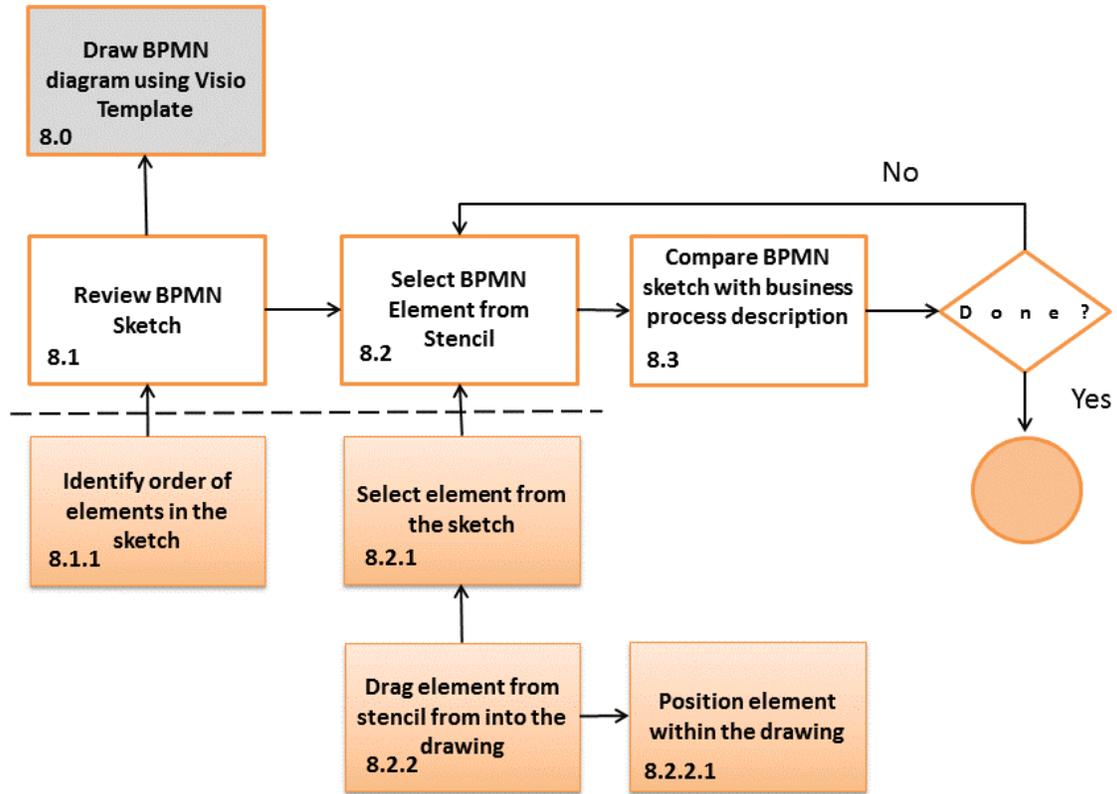


Figure 9 - Subskill Analysis of Drawing BPMN Diagram

Entry Behaviors

Students need to be proficient in the following entry behaviors to successfully perform the instructional goal of creating and maintaining BPMN diagrams for business processes that are implemented within the SAP application:

- SAP Business Analysts are expected to be computer literate to the extent that they know how to operate MS Office applications as well as print out documents.
- SAP Business Analysts are expected to understand and practice good business analysis skills, such as interviewing SME's.
- SAP Business Analysts are expected to know how to use and operate the Visio application.

Learner Analysis

In general, the business analysts do have flowcharting experience, but are not knowledgeable about modeling techniques. There is some resistance in standardizing their diagrams using BPMN, but when they realize it is not a big change to what they are doing and that it will be directly related to their duties, the resistance will lessen.

The overall impression is that the training must be efficient and interactive to keep the learners engaged. Use of real-world SAP examples would be ideal. Explanation of why this training would benefit them is important.

Information Categories	Data Sources	Learner Characteristics
Entry Skills	Prior knowledge and assumptions	Learners have no prior experience using BPMN. Some have used other flowcharting models or software previously. None have had any formal training using a modeling standard.
Prior Knowledge of Topic Area	Prior knowledge and assumptions	Learners have a general knowledge of flowcharting concepts and software. However, some do not know how to do this successfully and have picked up some negative habits.
Attitudes toward content	Prior knowledge and assumptions	There is some resistance by the learners to use a consistent modeling approach. Learners believe this is one more thing for them to do and do not currently see the benefit of using BPMN.
Attitudes toward potential delivery system	Prior knowledge and assumptions	Learners are comfortable with taking online training. It enables

		them to not only take it when their schedule allows, but they can also go back and use it as a reference tool.
Motivation for instruction	Prior knowledge and assumptions	This is directly related to the SAP business analyst's duties. They will have to use BPMN model for all of their business process diagrams. Their management will be reviewing their BPMN diagrams for accuracy.
Educational and ability levels	Prior knowledge and assumptions	Learner's educational levels are such that most have college degrees. Learners have heterogeneity when it comes to their SAP knowledge. However, some of the business analysts have differing levels of business analysis training and experience
General Learning preferences	Prior knowledge and assumptions	Learners are comfortable with a variety of learning approaches. However, most prefer online learning so that they can fit it into their busy schedules.
Attitudes toward training organization	Prior knowledge and assumptions	Learners are neutral toward the training organization. They realize that the mandate is coming from management and are able to separate any feelings they have for them from the training organization.
General Group characteristics	Prior knowledge and assumptions	The learners are not entirely heterogeneous in their business analysis experience. Most do not have any experience with BPMN. There will be about 30-40 learners who will participate in this training. The students range from 25 – 50 years of age.

Learning Context

The basic learning context for the BPMN Course is web-based instruction that will reside as a link on their Corporate Intranet portal. This will be on demand training so that they can take the training whenever their daily work schedule permits. Delivering the training in this way means that there is very little setup needed for learners to connect to their training. They should be able to use the laptop or desktop they currently use in the office they reside.

Since they all have previous access to the Corporate Portal, there is also no need to ensure logins or connectivity needs to be tested.

Information Category	Data Sources	Learning Site Characteristics
Number/Nature of Sites	Prior knowledge and assumptions	<p>Number: Most learners are located in the Corporate office in Woburn, MA. However, there could be 10 other additional sites within the U.S.</p> <p>Facilities: The web-based instruction will be delivered directly over the Internet and onto their desktop/laptops.</p> <p>Equipment: The only hardware or equipment needed is their desktop or laptop. They must have access to the Internet and the ability to login into the company Intranet Portal. Adobe Flashplayer must be loaded on the HW. They also must have speakers as there may be audio.</p> <p>Constraints: Ideally, they would like the content run-time to be no more than 1 hour.</p>
Site Compatibility with Instructional Needs	Prior knowledge and assumptions	<p>The sites all synced with the same level of software, which meet our instructional needs. This includes the installation of Flashplayer</p> <p>The HW meets the minimum requirements of an XP operating system with 1 gig of memory. And they all have access to the Corporate Portal.</p>
Site Compatibility with Learner Needs	Prior knowledge and assumptions	Since the learners will be taking the instruction from their own offices on their own desktop/laptops, they are already comfortable in this environment.
Feasibility for Simulating Workplace	Prior knowledge and assumptions	With the instruction taking place on a computer, this resembles the way they will create BPMN diagrams. Typically, they will use the same laptop/desktop within the same office environment for the training as they will be in creating BPMN diagrams.

Performance Context

Since learners will use the laptop or desktop they currently use in the office they reside to access the training, it will exactly mimic the same environment in which they will apply the training.

Additionally, the training is directly related to their core business analysis task and they will be able to put their new skills into practice as soon as they complete their training. The BPMN skills will be reinforced by their Project Managers and Project Leaders on the SAP project as they will have to go through a review and approval process on their BPMN diagrams.

Information Category	Data Sources	Performance Site Characteristics
Managerial/Supervisory Support	Prior knowledge and assumptions	Managers and project leads will be expecting the business process diagrams to be delivered using BPMN. Since it is now the standard, this will be reinforced up through the management chain. BA's will have to go through a review process of their materials and one of the criteria is for diagrams to comply with the BPMN standard.
Physical Aspects of site	Prior knowledge and assumptions	The physical aspects are a typical office environment which contains offices and cubes. The learners will need their desktop/laptops and their current offices.
Social Aspects of site	Prior knowledge and assumptions	Project Managers work closely with the BA's to help determine and approve business processes and how they are implemented within SAP. There is daily contact between the PM's and the BA's and weekly project meetings. Depending upon the project team, members can be geographically dispersed. This means that meetings and conversations may take place over conference calls and Webex/Genesys type internet meetings.
Relevance of skills to workplace	Prior knowledge and assumptions	BPMN skills will be directly related to their everyday tasks. As soon as their training is taken they should be applying their new skills immediately.

Assessment Strategy

For the BPMN Course, the assessment strategy will use the following assessment instruments:

Entry Skills Tests: The BPMN Course will not use an Entry Skills Tests. The learners in this case should already be proficient with the Entry skills as outlined in the Entry Behaviors section.

Pre-Test: The BPMN Course will not use a Pre-Test due to the fact that no one has used the BPMN model before and therefore could not be measured in their BPMN knowledge prior to the course.

Practice Tests: The BPMN Course will use practice tests after each task or skill is introduced. An objective test will be administered to measure whether the learner understands the new concept and when it is appropriate to use it. Five to ten practice questions will be given after each module or task section. These will include a combination of multiple choice, fill in the blank and true and false. Some questions will be based off a case study and/or an existing SAP-related BPMN diagram. After a learner enters their answer they will be told whether they were correct or not. If they are correct some additional reinforcing information will be given. If they were incorrect an explanation of why they were incorrect and what the correct answer is will be given.

Sample Practice Test Questions:

Flow Object Practice Test

1. Flow Objects are the main graphical elements that define the behavior of a Business Process. True or False?

Correct Answer: True. You are correct! Anytime you want to depict something that “happens”, a decision to be made or work that is to be done you would use a Flow Object.

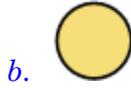
Incorrect Answer: False. Sorry, but the correct answer is **True**. Anytime you want to depict something that “happens”, a decision to be made or work that is to be done you would use a Flow Object.

2. *You would use an event object to depict:*
 - a. Something that “happens”
 - b. A decision to be made
 - c. Work that is to be done

Correct Answer: A. Something that “happens”. An Event denotes something that “happens” during the course of a business process and is represented by a circle.

Incorrect Answer: Sorry, but **A** is the correct answer. An Event denotes something that “happens” during the course of a business process and is represented by a circle

3. *Imagine that you are tasked with documenting the business process on how to drive a car. How would you denote the first step that starts the process?*



Correct Answer: B Yes, this symbol -  depicts the start of a business process – it is called the Start Event. Use this to indicate the start of a business process.

Incorrect Answer: Sorry, but **B** is the correct answer.  depicts the start of a business process – it is called the Start Event. Use this to indicate the start of a business process.

Post-Tests: The BPMN course will culminate with a post-test using an alternative assessment. This post-test will be an actual SAP scenario/business process that the learner must use to create a BPMN diagram. A rubric will be used (see below) to measure the effectiveness of the resulting BPMN SAP diagram.

Sample BPMN Post-Test Rubric

Brief description of assignment that will be assessed using this rubric: **Creation of a SAP BPMN diagram using Visio Software**

Assignment Criteria	Needs Improvement	Acceptable	Proficient
1. Write up the business process narrative	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write up is not in the right sequence Write up has left out more than 2 business process steps Write-up has more than 3 grammar errors and vaguely worded. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write up is in the right sequence 80% of the time Write up has left out less than 2 business process steps Write-up is has less than 3 grammar errors and verbiage is sometimes vague. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write up is in the right sequence 100% of the time Write up contains all business process steps Write-up is has 0 grammar errors and verbiage is clear.
2. Identify types of Flow	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 2 opportunities to use 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 1 opportunities to use 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly identified all opportunities to

Objects in the business process	<p>a flow object</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incorrectly identified the flow object type more than 2 times 	<p>a flow object</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incorrectly identified the flow object type more than 1 times 	<p>use a flow object</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly identified the specific flow object type
3. Identify types of Connectors in the business process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 2 opportunities to use a connector Incorrectly identified the connector type more than 2 times 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 1 opportunities to use a connector Incorrectly identified the connector type more than 1 times 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly identified all opportunities to use a connector Correctly identified the specific connector type
4. Identify types of Artifacts in the business process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 2 opportunities to use an artifact Incorrectly identified the artifact type more than 2 times 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 1 opportunities to use an artifact Incorrectly identified the artifact type more than 1 times 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly identified all opportunities to use an artifact Correctly identified the specific artifact type
5. Identify types of Swimlanes in the business process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 2 opportunities to use a swimlane Incorrectly identified the swimlane type more than 2 times 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 1 opportunities to use a swimlane Incorrectly identified the swimlane type more than 1 times 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly identified all opportunities to use a swimlane Correctly identified the specific swimlane type
6. Sequence the BPMN Objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> BPMN sketch has more than 2 sequence issues BPMN sketch is missing more than 2 steps BPMN sketch does not correctly use BPMN elements in more than 2 places 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> BPMN sketch has less than 2 sequence issues BPMN sketch is missing less than 2 steps BPMN sketch does not correctly use BPMN elements in less than 2 places 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> BPMN sketch has more than 0 sequence issues BPMN sketch is not missing any steps BPMN sketch correctly uses BPMN elements in all instances
7. Open up the BPMN Template	BPMN Template was not opened up correctly on the first try		BPMN Template was opened up correctly on the first try
8. Draw the BPMN diagram	<p>The BPMN drawing does <i>not include 2 or more of the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A discernable 	<p>The BPMN drawing does <i>not include any one of the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A discernable beginning and 	<p>The BPMN drawing includes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A discernable beginning and end Proper use of flow

	<p>beginning and end</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proper use of flow objects, connectors, artifacts and swimlanes • Descriptive labeling of each step • The resulting sequence of steps should be evident and easy to follow. 	<p>end</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proper use of flow objects, connectors, artifacts and swimlanes • Descriptive labeling of each step • The resulting sequence of steps should be evident and easy to follow. 	<p>objects, connectors, artifacts and swimlanes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Descriptive labeling of each step • The resulting sequence of steps should be evident and easy to follow.
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Performance Objectives and Outline of Instructional Strategy:

Training Goal: The SAP Business Analysts will be able to create and maintain standardized business process flowcharts using the Business Process Modeling Notation (BPMN).

Terminal Objective: Using simulated SAP business process materials and Visio software, SAP Business Analysts will be able to create a BPMN model. The BPMN drawing should include a discernable beginning and end, proper use of flow objects, connectors, artifacts and swimlanes, descriptive labeling of each step and the resulting sequence of steps should be evident and easy to follow.

1. Preinstructional Activities:

- a. **Welcome:** Instructor will welcome the student to the course and discuss what the course is about.
- b. **Why am I here?** Explain the new corporate policy regarding BPMN and how it will be used throughout the organization.
- c. **Show Examples:** Show examples of different flowchart diagrams used today and how they differ. Show how details differ and why consistency is key.
- d. **Course Outline:** Instructor will present high level performance objects of the course and how the course will proceed.

2. Lesson 1: How to write up the Business Process Narrative

- a. **Performance Objective:** Using a pre-defined Word Business Process template, write up the business process narrative for a specific process. Learner must include what data comes into the process, what data results from the process, what user roles are involved and a sequential step by step description of the business process.
- b. **Content Presentation:**

Using audio, visual and textual presentation, the instructor will give a short lecture covering:

- The basics of the Word template and how to fill it in.
- How to identify and document input into the process
- How to identify and document outputs from the process
- How to use proper and measurable language to document the business process steps
- How to create the sequential step descriptions

c. Student Participation:

Since the student will be taking this course online, they will be working alone and at their own pace. They will be expected to click on a button to advance to each new section. At the end of the module, they will take the practice test.

During the Content Presentation the student will be presented with a two exercises to complete. One will have them identify measurable language from a list and another will give them steps out of sequence, which they must then put in the right sequence.

d. Assessment:

An objective test will be administered to measure whether the learner understands the new concept and when it is appropriate to use it. Five to ten practice questions will be given. These will include a combination of multiple choice, fill in the blank and true and false. Several questions will involve testing whether the student learned the appropriate use of inputs and outputs and how to identify them as well as the qualities of measurable language. A couple of questions will involve comparing notes taken of a business process against a write-up. Students are expected to identify 5 problems with the business process narrative. And then one question will ask them to match labels and identifiers to the area of the Word template where they belong. The students will be given immediate feedback on their answers, giving them encouragement and always reinforcing the correct concept.

3. Lesson 2: Understanding and Identifying Flow Objects

- a. **Performance Objective:** Given the business process narrative document, identify types of Flow Objects in the business process. Learners should correctly classify the three different types of flow objects and manually draw the correct flow object within the business process document.

b. Content Presentation

Audio, visual and textual presentation will be used to help convey the instructor's short lecture covering Flow Objects.

During the Flow Objects lesson, the instructor will discuss:

- What is a Flow Object?
- When are they used?
- The three different objects within the Flow Objects element category.

These three objects are:

- Events
- Activities and
- Gateway

The symbols for each object and their proper use will be discussed.

- Examples of Flow Objects in use

c. Student Participation

Since the student will be taking this course online, they will be working alone and at their own pace. They will be expected to click on a button to advance to each new section. At the end of the module, they will take the practice test. The students will be given immediate feedback on their answers, giving them encouragement and always reinforcing the correct concept.

During the Content Presentation the learner will be given an exercise and be asked to match the object with their rightful name.

d. Assessment

An objective test will be administered to measure whether the learner understands the new concept and when it is appropriate to use it. For some questions, they will be given a short business process sentence(s) and will be asked to identify from a list of flow objects which is appropriate to use in this case. In other questions, they will be asked to identify a symbol with its name or when it should be used. Five to ten practice questions in all will be given. The student will answer the above questions using a combination of multiple choice, fill in the blank and true and false.

4. Lesson 3: Understanding and Identifying Connectors

- a. **Performance Objective:** Given the business process narrative document, identify types of Connectors in the business process. Learners should correctly classify the three different types of connectors and manually draw the correct connector within the business process document.

b. Content Presentation

Audio, visual and textual presentation will be used to help convey the instructor's short lecture covering Connectors.

During the Connectors lesson, the instructor will discuss:

- What is a Connector?
- When are they used?
- The three different objects within the Connectors element category.

These three objects are:

- Sequence Flow
- Message Flow and
- Association

The symbols for each object and their proper use will be discussed.

- Examples of Connectors in use

c. Student Participation

Since the student will be taking this course online, they will be working alone and at their own pace. They will be expected to click on a button to advance to each new section. At the end of the module, they will take the practice test. The students will be given immediate feedback on their answers, giving them encouragement and always reinforcing the correct concept.

During the Content Presentation the learner will be given an exercise and be asked to match the object with their rightful name.

d. Assessment

An objective test will be administered to measure whether the learner understands the new concept and when it is appropriate to use it. For some questions, they will be given a short business process sentence(s) and will be asked to identify from a list of connectors, which is appropriate to use in this case. In other questions, they will be asked to identify a symbol with its name or when it should be used. Five to ten practice questions in all will be given. The student will answer the above questions using a combination of multiple choice, fill in the blank and true and false.

5. Lesson 4: Understanding and Identifying Artifacts

- a. **Performance Objective:** Given the business process narrative document, identify types of Artifacts in the business process. Learners should correctly classify the three different types of Artifacts and manually draw the correct artifact within the business process document.

b. Content Presentation

Audio, visual and textual presentation will be used to help convey the instructor's short lecture covering Artifacts.

During the Artifacts lesson, the instructor will discuss:

- What is an Artifact?
- When are they used?
- The three different objects within the Artifacts element category. These three objects are:
 - Data
 - Text and
 - Groups

The symbols for each object and their proper use will be discussed.

- Examples of Artifacts in use

c. Student Participation

Since the student will be taking this course online, they will be working alone and at their own pace. They will be expected to click on a button to advance to each new section. At the end of the module, they will take the practice test. The students will be given immediate feedback on their answers, giving them encouragement and always reinforcing the correct concept.

During the Content Presentation the learner will be given an exercise and be asked to match the object with their rightful name.

d. Assessment

An objective test will be administered to measure whether the learner understands the new concept and when it is appropriate to use it. For some questions, they will be given a short business process sentence(s) and will be asked to identify from a list of artifacts, which is appropriate to use in this case. In other questions, they will be asked to identify a symbol with its name or when it should be used. Five to ten practice questions in all will be given. The student will answer the above questions using a combination of multiple choice, fill in the blank and true and false.

6. Lesson 5: Understanding and Identifying Swimlanes

- a. **Performance Objective:** Given the business process narrative document, identify types of swimlanes in the business process. Learners should correctly classify the two different types of swimlanes and manually draw the correct swimlane within the business process document.

b. Content Presentation

Audio, visual and textual presentation will be used to help convey the instructor's short lecture covering Swimlanes.

During the Swimlanes lesson, the instructor will discuss:

- What is a Swimlane?
- When are they used?
- The two different objects within the Swimlanes element category. These two objects are:
 - Pools and
 - Lanes

The symbols for each object and their proper use will be discussed.

- Examples of swimlanes in use

c. Student Participation

Since the student will be taking this course online, they will be working alone and at their own pace. They will be expected to click on a button to advance to each new section. At the end of the module, they will take the practice test. The students will be given immediate feedback on their answers, giving them encouragement and always reinforcing the correct concept.

During the Content Presentation the learner will be given an exercise and be asked to match the object with their rightful name.

d. Assessment

An objective test will be administered to measure whether the learner understands the new concept and when it is appropriate to use it. For some questions, they will be given a short business process sentence(s) and will be asked to identify from a list of artifacts, which is appropriate to use in this case. In other questions, they will be asked to identify a symbol with its name or when it should be used. Five to ten practice questions in all will be given. The student will answer the above questions using a combination of multiple choice, fill in the blank and true and false.

7. Lesson 6: How to Sequence BPMN objects

- a. **Performance Objective:** Given the marked up business process description, manually sketch the sequence of BPMN objects on a piece of paper. The BPMN object sequence should include a discernable beginning and end and a set sequential steps using BPMN objects that match the business process document.

- b. **Content Presentation**

Audio, visual and textual presentation will be used to help convey the instructor's short lecture covering how to translate the business process description into BPMN elements and sequence them correctly.

During the lesson, the instructor will discuss:

- How to break down business process text into BPMN elements
- How to mark up the business process text with BPMN elements
- How to sequence the BPMN elements
- Step by step examples of text being translated into a BPMN diagram

- c. **Student Participation**

Since the student will be taking this course online, they will be working alone and at their own pace. They will be expected to click on a button to advance to each new section.

During the step by step examples, they will first be asked to drag and drop the BPMN elements onto a business process narrative. If they are incorrect, they will get immediate feedback and asked to try again.

Using the information they gained during the drag and drop exercise, the learners will be shown how the elements they marked fit together in a sequence. Then for another exercise, they will be presented with puzzle pieces they have to fit together in the right sequence.

At the end of the module, they will take the practice test. The students will be given immediate feedback on their answers, giving them encouragement and always reinforcing the correct concept.

- d. **Assessment**

An objective test will be administered to measure whether the learner understands the new concepts and how to piece them together. For some questions, they will be given a short business process sentence(s) and will be asked to identify which BPMN element is missing. In others they will be asked if a piece of a BPMN diagram is in the right sequence or drawn correctly. Then they will be asked to sequence the different BPMN elements based off of a short paragraph describing a portion of a business process.

8. Lesson 7: How to use Visio to draw the BPMN Diagram

a. Performance Objectives:

- i. Using the Visio software, open up the BPMN Template.
- ii. Using the Visio BPMN Template and the BPMN Object sketch, draw the BPMN diagram. The resulting Visio BPMN drawing should match the sketch.

b. Content Presentation:

Audio, visual and textual presentation will be used to help convey the instructor's short lecture covering how to use Visio to draw a BPMN from a previously generated sketch.

During the lesson, the instructor will discuss:

- How to launch the Visio software, locate the BPMN Template and open it.
- How to drag and drop BPMN elements from the stencil onto the drawing area.
- How to sequence and connect the BPMN elements.
- How to save the BPMN diagram

c. Student Participation

Since the student will be taking this course online, they will be working alone and at their own pace. They will be expected to click on a button to advance to each new section.

After the initial discussion on how to open Visio and open the template, the student will be given a simulation where they will be asked to repeat the template steps using a Visio model presented in the course. If they click on the wrong area they will be corrected and pointed to the right area.

After the drag and drop capabilities are demonstrated, the student will be given a simulation where they will be asked to repeat the drag and drop steps using a Visio model presented in the course. If they click on the wrong area they will be corrected and pointed to the right area.

At the end of the module, they will take the practice test. The students will be given immediate feedback on their answers, giving them encouragement and always reinforcing the correct concept.

d. Assessment

An objective test will be administered to measure whether the learner understands the new Visio concepts and how to use it for BPMN purposes. The learner will be given a simulation that they have to work through. For the simulation they will be given step-by-step instructions as to what they should be doing. In general the steps will be:

- i. Open up Visio**
- ii. Open up the sentcil**
- iii. Drag a Start flow object onto the drawing area.**
- iv. Drag an End flow object onto the drawing area.**
- v. Drag a task after the start flow object and label it**
- vi. Drag a task before the end flow object and label it.**
- vii. Add a gateway and label it**
- viii. Add connectors to all the objects**

9. Lesson 8: Case Study – To me this is where the bulk of the assessment for this course is performed.

a. **Performance Objective:** Using simulated SAP business process materials and Visio software, SAP Business Analysts will be able to create a BPMN model. The BPMN drawing should include a discernable beginning and end, proper use of flow objects, connectors, artifacts and swimlanes, descriptive labeling of each step and the resulting sequence of steps should be evident and easy to follow.

b. Content Presentation:

This lesson will not have any new content to relate via lecture. Instead instructions will be given on how to perform the Case Study exercise. The Rubric will be given to show how they will be measured. Any additional materials will be presented and explained.

c. Student Participation

Since the student will be taking this course online, they will be working alone and at their own pace. They will be expected to click on a button to advance to each new section.

The student is expected to complete the Case Study as outlined in the Content Presentation. They will be expected to use the Visio program on their desktop to complete the exercise.

d. Assessment

The BPMN course will culminate with a post-test using an alternative assessment. This post-test will be an actual SAP scenario/business process that the learner must use to create a BPMN diagram. A rubric will be used (see below) to measure the effectiveness of the resulting BPMN SAP diagram. When they are done with the exercise, they will be required to send in the Visio diagram to the instructor who will evaluate it and send back feedback to the student.

Assignment Criteria	Needs Improvement	Acceptable	Proficient
1. Write up the business process narrative	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write up is not in the right sequence Write up has left out more than 2 business process steps Write-up has more than 3 grammar errors and vaguely worded. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write up is in the right sequence 80% of the time Write up has left out less than 2 business process steps Write-up is has less than 3 grammar errors and verbiage is sometimes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write up is in the right sequence 100% of the time Write up contains all business process steps Write-up is has 0 grammar errors and verbiage is clear.

		vague.	
2. Identify types of Flow Objects in the business process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 2 opportunities to use a flow object Incorrectly identified the flow object type more than 2 times 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 1 opportunities to use a flow object Incorrectly identified the flow object type more than 1 times 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly identified all opportunities to use a flow object Correctly identified the specific flow object type
3. Identify types of Connectors in the business process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 2 opportunities to use a connector Incorrectly identified the connector type more than 2 times 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 1 opportunities to use a connector Incorrectly identified the connector type more than 1 times 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly identified all opportunities to use a connector Correctly identified the specific connector type
4. Identify types of Artifacts in the business process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 2 opportunities to use an artifact Incorrectly identified the artifact type more than 2 times 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 1 opportunities to use an artifact Incorrectly identified the artifact type more than 1 times 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly identified all opportunities to use an artifact Correctly identified the specific artifact type
5. Identify types of Swimlanes in the business process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 2 opportunities to use a swimlane Incorrectly identified the swimlane type more than 2 times 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Missed more than 1 opportunities to use a swimlane Incorrectly identified the swimlane type more than 1 times 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly identified all opportunities to use a swimlane Correctly identified the specific swimlane type
6. Sequence the BPMN Objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> BPMN sketch has more than 2 sequence issues BPMN sketch is missing more than 2 steps BPMN sketch does not correctly use BPMN elements in more than 2 places 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> BPMN sketch has less than 2 sequence issues BPMN sketch is missing less than 2 steps BPMN sketch does not correctly use BPMN elements in less than 2 places 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> BPMN sketch has more than 0 sequence issues BPMN sketch is not missing any steps BPMN sketch correctly uses BPMN elements in all instances
7. Open up the BPMN Template	BPMN Template was not opened up correctly on the first try		BPMN Template was opened up correctly on the first try
8. Draw the BPMN diagram	<p>The BPMN drawing does <i>not include 2 or more of the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A discernable 	<p>The BPMN drawing does <i>not include any one of the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A discernable beginning and end 	<p>The BPMN drawing includes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A discernable beginning and end Proper use of flow objects, connectors,

	beginning and end <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proper use of flow objects, connectors, artifacts and swimlanes • Descriptive labeling of each step • The resulting sequence of steps should be evident and easy to follow. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proper use of flow objects, connectors, artifacts and swimlanes • Descriptive labeling of each step • The resulting sequence of steps should be evident and easy to follow. 	artifacts and swimlanes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Descriptive labeling of each step • The resulting sequence of steps should be evident and easy to follow.
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Follow-Through Activities:

Students will be expected to complete the subsequent follow-through activities:

- Meet with instructor either over the phone or in person to review their case study project.
- Meet with their manager to review their first three BPMN diagrams they create on the job.
- Be provided with a job aid that will give them a quick reference checklist to follow.

Descriptions of student groups and media selections:

Since this is an online class there is no limit on the number of students that can take this at a time. Learners are expected to proceed at their own pace and do not have complete the course in one sitting. However, they will have until January 1, 2011 to complete the course as that is when the new BPMN standards will be in place across the enterprise. The learners will have the ability to email the instructor with any questions or clarifications they may need. However, students will not be able to interact with other students via the online course.

Each student will be provided with the *BPMN Reference and Modeling Guide* by Stephen White and will be given a list of BPMN websites that will provide additional explanation.